

Engagement Policy Implementation Statement (“EPIS”)

Stanplan F – OSG Ship Management UK Limited Retirement Benefits Plan

Plan Year End – 21 July 2025

The purpose of this document is for Entrust Pension Limited, as Trustee of the Plan, to demonstrate the actions taken during the Plan year ending 21 July 2025 to achieve certain policies and objectives set out in the Plan’s Statement of Investment Principles (“SIP”).

1. How our policies in the SIP about asset stewardship (including both voting and engagement activity) in relation to the Plan’s investments have been followed during the year; and
2. How we have exercised our voting rights or how these rights have been exercised on our behalf, including the use of any proxy voting advisory services, and the ‘most significant’ votes cast over the reporting year.

Our conclusion

Based on the activity we have undertaken during the year, we believe that the policies set out in the SIP have been implemented effectively, noting the investment strategy of the Plan over the year.

In August 2024, the Plan purchased an annuity policy with Aviva which covered the majority of the Plan’s assets. A small amount of cash is also being held in the Plan’s Trustee bank account, to cover ongoing expenses.

This EPIS does not disclose stewardship information on investments in annuities, gilts or cash due to the limited materiality of stewardship of these asset classes.

How voting and engagement policies have been followed

The majority of the assets are invested in the annuity policy (the “Annuity”) underwritten by Aviva (the “Insurer”). Some residual cash is being held in the Plan’s Trustee bank account.

The Plan’s stewardship policy can be found in the SIP: [Stanplan F – OSG Ship Management \(UK\) Limited Retirement Benefits Plan – Gateley \(gateleyplc.com\)](#)

Our Engagement Action Plan

The responsibility for managing arrangements with underlying investment managers lies with the Insurer. This responsibility may include ensuring that arrangements with appointed asset managers are aligned to achieving the long-term objectives of the Insurer; as well as having appropriate performance, costs (including turnover costs), and remuneration monitoring with respect to the appointed asset managers. In addition, we expect that the Insurer uses its influence and purchasing power (where possible) to ensure that Environmental, Social, and corporate Governance (“ESG”) factors, including climate change, are appropriately considered by underlying investment managers and financial counterparties.

We have limited ability to incentivise the Insurer to align its investment strategy and decisions with our policies in relation to stewardship, corporate governance, and responsible investment. However, given the nature of the buy-in policies, such as the Annuity Policy purchased by the Plan, we believe that the Insurer is appropriately incentivised to make decisions relating to the medium and long-term financial and non-financial factors which may influence performance.

We recognise our responsibilities as a steward of investment capital; however, in endeavouring to invest in the best financial interests of the beneficiaries, we elected to purchase the Annuity Policy and recognise that we cannot, therefore, directly influence the ESG integration nor stewardship policies and practices of the Insurer.

Should we be provided with any opportunity which we deem appropriate to incentivise the Insurer concerning these areas, we will consider this and take reasonable steps. We were unaware of any such opportunity during the Plan year in scope.

What is stewardship?

Stewardship is investors using their influence over current or potential investees/issuers, policy makers, service providers and other stakeholders to create long-term value for clients and beneficiaries leading to sustainable benefits for the economy, the environment and society.

This includes prioritising which ESG issues to focus on, engaging with investees/issuers, and exercising voting rights.

Differing ownership structures means stewardship practices often differ between asset classes.

Source: UN PRI